

Wellcome to QUINTA DA AMENDOEIRA

ÉVORA - THE FARMHOUSE



Dear friends..

Welcome to Évora and Quinta da Amendoeira, where you can find 7 fabulous apartments waiting for you, arranged so that you can enjoy a memorable stay in our Alentejo.

Relax by our swimming pool, enjoy a game of padel on our court, enjoy a walk or cycle on our farm, enjoy our lagoon or venture out on a walk through our vineyards to the Xarrama River.

You can also get to know the farm in a buggy, visit the monuments of Évora by electric vespa and/or play our family Geocaching!
Finally, you can't leave without having a picnic under a holm oak tree and enjoying our relaxing massages.

End the day with a delicious wine tasting with the best nectar that the region's wineries have to offer, while watching the Alentejo sunset.

Our location..

Quinta da Amendoeira is just a 5 minute car drive from the city of Évora, a World Heritage Site and the future European Capital of Culture 2027.

Inserted right in the heart of Alto Alentejo, we are in a region of excellent wine producers, fantastic plains and immense history, so you can enjoy fun and busy days.

We are just 120km from Lisbon, 75km from Spain, 180km from the Algarve and 110km from the Vicentina coast and its fantastic golden beaches.

Take advantage of your visit to get to know the Alentejo in full and all that we have to offer: our endless plains, the biggest Europe's artificial lake – Lago de Alqueva – and its award-winning river beaches and fabulous Alentejo cuisine, full of flavors and traditions.

City of Évora..

Évora is the capital of Alto Alentejo, with around 46,966 inhabitants in 2021. Évora is the only Portuguese city to be a member of the Network of Oldest European Cities.

The city of Évora is the seat of the Municipality of Évora, the fifth largest municipality in Portugal, with an area of 1,307.08 km² and 53,591 inhabitants (2021), subdivided into 12 parishes.

The municipality is limited to the north by the municipality of Arraiolos, to the northeast by Estremoz, to the east by Redondo, to the southeast by Reguengos de Monsaraz, to the south by Portel, to the southwest by Viana do Alentejo and to the west by Montemor-o-Novo. It is the seat of the district and former diocese, being an ecclesiastical metropolis. (Archdiocese of Évora).

Its well-preserved historic center is one of the richest in monuments in Portugal, which earns it the epithet City-Museum. In 1986, the historic city center was declared a World Heritage Site by UNESCO.



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Our services..

In Quinta da Amendoeira, we have at your disposal several services and activities, in order to make your stay as pleasant as possible.

All apartments have a bedroom, complete bathroom, equipped kitchenette, code lock, relaxing patio with furniture and pergola, cable TV, surround sound, telephone and Wi-Fi internet.

In the common areas, we have a heated saltwater pool, children's playground, padel court, pedestrian and geocaching routes, bicycle routes (APP Bikehotels), outdoor changing rooms, walks through the vineyards and olive groves, bar and restaurant.

We also have electric scooters for rent, so that you can visit the city in a sustainable and autonomous way.

We have transfer service and tour of the city in our electric buggy. Being right in the heart of Alentejo, we have at your disposal horseback riding and various agricultural activities (harvest, olive picking and an organic vegetable garden).

With your well-being and the environment in mind, we also have electric chargers for bicycles and cars.

Regularly, enjoy our wonderful sunsets by the pool with regional wine tastings and musical animation or visit one of our partner wineries.

Wi-fi

Quinta da Amendoeira | Password: amendoeira2023

See all information and scheduled activities of the hotel on our website



*We wish you a wonderful stay in our
Quinta da Amendoeira*



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Main points of interest in Évora..

Sé Cathedral of Évora (Sé Catedral de Évora)

The *Basilica Sé de Nossa Senhora da Assunção*, better known as *Sé Catedral de Évora* or simply *Sé de Évora*, is located in *Largo Marquês de Marialva*, Parish of Évora, in Évora, Portugal. Although begun in 1186 and consecrated in 1204, this granite cathedral was only completed in 1250.

It is a monument marked by the transition from the Romanesque to the Gothic style, marked by three majestic naves. In the 15th and 16th centuries, the cathedral received large improvements, dating from that time the high-choir, the pulpit, the baptistery and the arch of the chapel of *Nossa Senhora da Piedade*, also known as *Capela do Esporão*, a rare example of hybrid Plateresque architecture, dating from 1529. Some gilded altarpieces and others date from the Baroque period. occasional improvements to sumptuary decorations. Still in the 18th century, the cathedral was enriched with the building of the new chancel, sponsored by the King D. João V, where the exuberance of the marble was wisely combined with the Roman-Gothic austerity of the temple. In 1930, at the request of the Archbishop of Évora, Pope Pius XI granted the Cathedral the title of Minor Basilica. Évora Cathedral has been classified as a National Monument since 1907.

Roman Temple of Évora (Templo Romano de Évora)

The Roman Temple of Évora, erroneously known as the Temple of Diana, is located in the city of Évora, Portugal. It forms part of the historic center of city, which has been classified as a World Heritage Site by UNESCO. The Roman temple is classified as a National Monument by the Directorate-General of Cultural Heritage. It is one of the most famous landmarks in the city and one of the most significant symbols of the Roman presence in Portuguese territory.

Cromlech of Almendres (Cromeleque dos Almendres)

The Almendres Cromlech is located in the parish of *Nossa Senhora de Guadalupe*, on the outskirts of Évora. It is constituted in a circle of prehistoric stones (cromlech) with 95 stone monoliths. It is the most important megalithic monument of its kind in the Iberian Peninsula and one of the most important in Europe, not only because of its dimensions, but also because of its state of conservation. The Almendres Cromlech was ranked first as a Property of Interest Public, in 1974, and later as a National Monument, in 2015. The Almendres menhir, located nearby, is classified as a Property of Public interest.

São Francisco Church and Bones Chapel (Igreja de São Francisco e Capela dos Ossos)

The Convent and Church of São Francisco, or just Church of São Francisco, is a religious monument located in *Praça 1ª de Maio* in the city of Évora. In Gothic-Manueline style, this architectural complex was built between 1480 and 1510 by the master masons *Martim Lourenço* and *Pero de Trilho* and decorated by the royal painters *Francisco Henriques*, *Jorge Afonso* and *Garcia Fernandes*, being closely linked to the historical events that marked the period of expansion maritime of Portugal. This is evident in the symbols of the monumental nave with an ogival vault: the cross of the Order of Christ and the emblems of the founding kings, D. João II and D. Manuel I. According to tradition, *Gil Vicente* was buried in the church of São Francisco in 1536. The church has been classified as a National Monument since 1910. Next to the Church of São Francisco, we can find the *Capela dos Ossos*, which is one of the most famous monuments in Évora. The Chapel of Bones was built in the seventeenth century on the initiative of three Franciscan monks who, in the spirit of the time (religious counter-reformation, in accordance with the regulations of the Council of Trent), intended to convey the message of the transience of life, as can be seen from the famous notice at the entrance: "**We bones that are here for yours await**".

Giraldo Square (Praça do Giraldo)

Giraldo Square is the main square in the city of Évora and is located in the historic center in the parish of *Santo Antão*. Formed as a square in the 14th century, here located the former Town Hall and a Roman arch, later demolished when the Church of *Santo Antão* and the Fountain in *Praça do Giraldo*. The city market was also held here. Currently, the square is dominated by the Church of *Santo Antão* and the headquarters of *Banco de Portugal de Évora* at the top of the square. Around it are located banks, shops, restaurants and terraces.

D. Manuel Royal Palace (Palácio D. Manuel)

The Royal Palace of Dom Manuel, formerly known as *Paço Real de S. Francisco* and *Paço Real de Évora*, located in the Union of Parishes of Évora (*São Mamede*, *Sé*, *São Pedro* and *Santo Antão*), in Évora, Portugal, was built by King *Afonso V*, who wanted to have a royal palace outside the castle in the city to settle in, having been expanded by the monarchs who succeeded him. The palace, in addition to being one of the greatest architectural works in the country, also had a huge historical importance, as it was there that *Vasco da Gama* was invested in command of the squadron for the Discovery of the sea route to India and it was also in palace that *Gil Vicente* represented six of his acts, dedicated to the queens *D. Maria of Castile* and *D. Catarina of Austria*.